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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1 - 17. (Cancelled)

- 18. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing silane-containing polyvinyl alcohols and polyvinyl acetals by:
- a) free-radically polymerizing one or more vinyl esters of unbranched or branched alkylcarboxylic acids having from 1 to 18 carbon atoms in the presence of silanecontaining aldehydes or hemiacetals or full acetals thereof to produce a vinyl ester polymer,
- b) hydrolyzing the vinyl ester polymers to form a partly hydrolyzed or fully hydrolyzed vinyl ester polymer, and
- c) optionally acetalizing of the partly hydrolyzed or fully hydrolyzed vinyl ester polymer.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 18, wherein free-radically polymerizing is carried out by means of bulk polymerization, suspension polymerization or by polymerization in organic solvents.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 18, wherein hydrolyzing of the vinyl ester polymers takes place in alkaline or acidic media.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 18, wherein acetalizing is effected by reacting the partly or fully hydrolyzed vinyl ester polymer with aliphatic or aromatic aldehydes having from 1 to 15 carbon atoms optionally substituted by one or more substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, carboxyl, sulfonate, ammonium, and aldehyde radicals.

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22. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 18, wherein further silane-containing compounds or aldehyde-containing compounds or mixtures thereof are additionally used as regulators in the polymerization.

- 28. (New) The process of claim 18, wherein the silane-containing aldehydes and hemiacetals and full acetals thereof are selected from the group consisting of compounds of the structural formulae
 - I) $R_3Si-[OSiR_2]_v-(CH_2)_x-CH=O$,
 - II) $R_3 \text{Si-}[OSiR_2]_y (CH_2)_x CH(OR^1)_2$,
 - III) $R_3Si-[OSiR_2]_v-(CH_2)_z-Ar-(CH_2)_z-CH=O$,
 - IV) $R_3Si-[OSiR_2]_v-(CH_2)_z-Ar-(CH_2)_z-CH(OR^1)_2$,
 - V) $O = CH (CH_2)_x Si(R)_2 O Si(R)_2 (CH_2)_x CH = O$,
 - VI) $[SiO(R)-(CH_2)_z-CH=O]_{3-4}$,

where R individually is halogen; is an unbranched or branched, saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted alkyl or alkoxy radical having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms; is an acyl radical having from 2 to 12 carbon atoms, where R may optionally be interrupted by one or more non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, S; is an optionally substituted aryl or aryloxy radical having 3 to 20 carbon atoms, where the aryl radical may also contain one or more heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, S, and

R¹ individually is H, an unbranched or branched, saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted alkyl radical having from 1 to 12 carbon atoms which may optionally be interrupted by non-adjacent heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, S; Ar is an aromatic group which may optionally contain one or more heteroatoms selected from the group consisting of N, O, S, and

x is from 2 to 40, y is from 0 to 100, and z is from 0 to 20.

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29. (New) The process of claim 18, wherein the silane-containing aldehydes are used in an amount of from 0.0001 to 5.0% by weight, based on the total weight of the monomers.

30. (New) The process of claim 18, wherein ethylenically unsaturated, silane-containing monomers are copolymerized.